Annex B

(I) DIABETES DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.1: Essential Components of Diabetes Disease Management Programme

| | Essential | Recommended frequency* | Remarks |
|----|------------------------------------|---|--|
| D1 | Glycated haemoglobin (HbA1c) | At risk: 6 monthly High risk: 3-4 monthly | |
| D2 | Blood pressure measurement | At risk: 3-4 monthly High risk: as clinically indicated | |
| D3 | BMI and Weight assessment | At risk: 3-4 monthly High risk: as clinically indicated | |
| D4 | Lipid profile | At risk: annual High risk: as clinically indicated | |
| D5 | Eye assessment | At risk: annual High risk: as clinically indicated | Assess for visual acuity AND Assess for retinopathy |
| D6 | Nephropathy assessment | At risk: annual High risk: as clinically indicated | Assess for urine albumin : creatinine ratio AND Serum creatinine |
| D7 | Foot assessment | At risk: annual High risk: as clinically indicated | Assess for peripheral neuropathy, peripheral arterial disease, bone, joint, skin and nail abnormalities |
| D8 | Cardiac assessment | At risk: as clinically indicated High risk: as clinically indicated | Evaluate risk factors and management ECG for adults – at baseline and subsequently when clinically indicated |
| D9 | Self-management education | At risk: annual High risk: as clinically indicated | Provide patient with a patient monitoring booklet and explain its use. Self-management education should include nutrition counselling, weight management, exercise, smoking cessation, medication compliance, foot care, self- blood glucose monitoring for insulin treated and high risk non-insulin treated patients |

| D10 Medical consultation and follow-up of abnormalities detected | As clinically indicated | |
|--|-------------------------|--|
|--|-------------------------|--|

^{*} include a baseline assessment for all components.

Notes

- An "at risk" individual may be defined as one who is stable and meeting targets of control as defined in MOH issued CPG.
- A "high risk" individual may be defined as:
 - 1. one whose control has been unstable and failing to meet targets in the past 12 months
 - 2. one already with established diabetic complications
 - 3. one with psychosocial problems (including alcohol or substance abuse) that complicate management
- Medisave <u>cannot</u> be used for purchase of glucometer, glucometer strips, blood pressure monitoring equipment, wheelchair, prosthesis or other home nursing equipment.
- For D5 to D8, patients who are already suffering from respective organ complications may be assessed differently. For example, patients with retinopathy on regular eye follow-up would be assessed by the ophthalmologist. Primary physician need only to ensure that patients are compliant to eye follow-up. Patients who already have early nephropathy may require other forms of assessment (e.g. 24 hour urinary protein) as detailed in diabetes mellitus CPG.

In the event that a patient has diabetes <u>and</u> stroke, include the following assessments S1 and S2 (Table 2.2). However, this section is <u>NOT INCLUDED</u> for the October 2006 launch. It will apply upon implementation of the rest of the DMPs in January 2007.

Table 2.2: Additional Care Components for Patient with Diabetes and Stroke

| | Essential components | Recommended frequency* | Remarks |
|----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| S1 | Thromboembolism risk assessment | Annually | Clinical evaluation including atrial fibrillation, cardiac murmurs and need for antithrombotic therapy |
| S2 | Rehabilitation need assessment | As clinically indicated | |

^{*} include a baseline assessment for all components.

Notes

 Medisave can be use for physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy or day rehabilitation as clinically indicated and ordered by the doctor but not for home meal delivery, transport or other non-medical aspects of care for stroke patients.

(II) HYPERTENSION DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.3: Essential Components of Hypertension Disease Management Programme

| | Key components | Recommended frequency [*] | Remarks |
|----|--|---|--|
| H1 | Blood pressure measurement | Every 3-6 monthly or as clinically indicated. | |
| H2 | BMI and Weight assessment | Annually or as clinically indicated | |
| Н3 | Fasting lipid profile, fasting blood glucose, serum electrolyte, urea and creatinine, urinalysis and ECG | At or soon after diagnosis and as clinically indicated. | |
| H4 | ECG | At or soon after diagnosis** and subsequently as clinically indicated | |
| H5 | Self-management education | At diagnosis and regular intervals | Provide patient with a patient monitoring booklet and explain its use Self-management education should include nutrition counselling, weight management, exercise, smoking cessation and medication compliance |
| H6 | Medical consultation and follow-up of abnormalities detected | As clinically indicated | |

^{*} include a baseline assessment for all components.

Notes

• Medisave <u>cannot</u> be used for purchase of blood pressure monitoring equipment, wheelchair or other home nursing equipment.

^{**} Copy of ECG (e.g. done at hospital on discharge) is acceptable

In the event that a patient has hypertension <u>and</u> stroke, include the following assessments S1 and S2.

Table 2.4: Additional Care Components for Patient with Hypertension and Stroke

| | Essential components | Recommended frequency [*] | Remarks |
|----|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| S1 | Thromboembolism risk assessment | Annually | Clinical evaluation including atrial fibrillation, cardiac murmurs and need for anti-thrombotic therapy |
| S2 | Rehabilitation need assessment | As clinically indicated | |

^{*} include a baseline assessment for all components.

Notes

 Medisave can be use for physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy or day rehabilitation as clinically indicated and ordered by the doctor but not for home meal delivery, transport or other non-medical aspects of care for stroke patients.

(III) LIPID DISORDERS DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.5: Essential Components of Lipid Disorders Disease Management Programme

| | Essential components | Recommended frequency | Remarks |
|----|---------------------------|---|--|
| | | For those on drug therapy, Every 6-12 monthly or as indicated. | |
| L1 | Lipids check | For those not on drug therapy and who have achieved the LDL goals, lipids check can be done every 1 to 3 years | Fasting lipids |
| L2 | Self-management education | At diagnosis and regular intervals according to risk level. | All patients must be risk stratified as recommended in Lipids CPG Provide patient with a patient monitoring booklet and explain its use Self-management education should include nutrition counselling, weight management, |

| | | | exercise, smoking cessation and medication compliance |
|----|---|-------------------------|---|
| L3 | Medical consultation and follow-up of abnormalities detected | As clinically indicated | |

^{*} include a baseline assessment for all components.

Notes

 Medisave <u>cannot</u> be used for purchase of wheelchair or other home nursing equipment.

In the event that a patient has lipid disorders <u>and</u> stroke, include the following assessments S1 and S2.

Table 2.6: Additional Care Components for Patient with Lipid Disorders and Stroke

| | Essential components | Recommended frequency* | Remarks |
|----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| S1 | Thromboembolism risk assessment | Annually | Clinical evaluation including atrial fibrillation, cardiac murmurs and need for anti- thrombotic therapy |
| S2 | Rehabilitation need assessment | As clinically indicated | |

^{*} include a baseline assessment for all components.

Notes

 Medisave can be use for physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy or day rehabilitation as clinically indicated and ordered by the doctor but not for home meal delivery, transport or other non-medical aspects of care for stroke patients.

(IV) STROKE DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.7: Essential Components of Stroke Disease Management Programme

This programme is for patients who are <u>not concurrently on other disease</u> <u>management programmes</u>.

| | Essential components | Recommended frequency [*] | Remarks |
|----|--|------------------------------------|---|
| S1 | Clinical Thromboembolism Risk Assessment | Annually | Clinical evaluation including atrial fibrillation, cardiac murmurs, fasting glucose and need for antithrombotic |

| | | | therapy |
|----|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| S2 | Rehabilitation need assessment | Baseline and as clinically indicated | |
| S3 | Blood pressure measurement | Baseline and 6 monthly | |
| S4 | Lipid Profile | Baseline At least 6-12 monthly | Fasting lipids |
| S5 | Self-management education | Annually or as clinically indicated | Provide patient with a patient monitoring booklet and explain its use. Self-management education should include nutrition counselling, weight management, exercise, smoking cessation and medication compliance |
| S6 | Medical consultation and follow-up of abnormalities detected | As clinically indicated | · |

^{*} include a baseline assessment for all components.

Notes

- Medisave <u>cannot</u> be used for purchase of blood pressure monitoring equipment, wheelchair or other home nursing equipment.
- Medisave can be use for physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy or day rehabilitation as clinically indicated and ordered by the doctor but not for home meal delivery, transport or other non-medical aspects of care for stroke patients.

In the event that a patient has stroke <u>and</u> other diseases like diabetes mellitus, hypertension or lipid disorders, please revert to the corresponding DMP.

(V) ASTHMA DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.8: Essential Components of Asthma Disease Management Programme

| | Essential Components | Minimum Recommended Frequency (per year) | Remarks |
|----|---|--|--|
| A1 | ACT Score (see Annexes 2F and 2- G) | 3-4monthly | |
| A2 | Self Management Education (Written | 3-4 monthly | Provide/ review patient's Written Asthma Action Plan and educate patient on what |

| | Essential Components | Minimum Recommended Frequency (per year) | Remarks |
|----|-------------------------|--|--|
| | Asthma Action Plan) | | to do when Asthma symptoms develop |
| A3 | Inhaler Technique | 6 monthly | Assessment and review on correct inhaler technique |
| A4 | Smoking Assessment | 6 monthly | Assessment on smoking habits and provide counselling for current smokers to quit |

(VI) COPD DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.9: Essential Components of COPD Disease Management Programme

| | Essential Components | Minimum Recommended Frequency (per year) | Remarks |
|----|-------------------------|---|--|
| C1 | Weight or BMI | Annual | Annually or as clinically indicated |
| C2 | Influenza Vaccination | Annual | |
| C3 | Inhaler Technique | Annual | Assessment and review on correct inhaler technique |
| C4 | Smoking Assessment | Annual | Assessment on smoking habits and provide counselling for current smokers to quit |
| C5 | Spirometry* | At or soon after diagnosis and subsequently as clinically indicated | |

^{*}Copy of Spirometry test result (e.g. done at hospital) is acceptable

Notes

- Medisave cannot be used for purchase of oxygen tanks, nebulisers or other home nursing equipment.
- For COPD patients who rent devices for Long Term Oxygen Therapy, they would be subject to a separate scheme with a withdrawal limit of \$75 per month. These claims would have to be submitted separately by the clinic, not with the claims for the chronic outpatient treatment..
- Medisave can be used for physiotherapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy or day rehabilitation as clinically indicated and ordered by the doctor but not for home meal delivery, transport or other non-medical aspects of care.

(VII) SCHIZOPHRENIA DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.10: Essential Components of Schizophrenia Disease Management Programme

| | Essential Components | Minimum Recommended Frequency (per year) | Remarks |
|---|---|--|---|
| 1 | Clinical Global Impression (CGI) Scale: a. Severity, b. Improvement | At least once yearly | Provider-administered |
| 2 | Consultation for CDMP Mental Health | At least twice per year | Provider-administered |
| 3 | Blood test for fasting glucose | At least once yearly | Provider-administered; Only for patients on atypical antipsychotics |
| 4 | Blood test for fasting lipid | At least once yearly | Provider-administered; Only for patients on atypical antipsychotics |

(VIII) MAJOR DEPRESSION DISEASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Table 2.11: Essential Components of Major Depression Disease Management Programme

| | Essential Components | Minimum Recommended Frequency (per year) | Remarks |
|---|---|--|-----------------------|
| 1 | Clinical Global Impression (CGI) Scale: a. Severity, b. Improvement | At least once yearly | Provider-administered |
| 2 | Consultation for CDMP Mental Health | At least twice per year | Provider-administered |